

# N-Series Brushless Servo Motor Manual



Bringing Together Leading Brands in Industrial Automation

### Use of Motors

Servo motors are intended to drive machinery. As such, they must be part of a controlled system that includes a transistorized electronic amplifier. They are not intended for direct connection to the power supply or for use with thyristor drives. Instructions in the amplifier and control system manuals must be observed; this document does not replace those instructions.

Unless specified otherwise, servo motors are intended for use in a normal industrial environment without exposure to excessive or corrosive moisture or abnormal ambient temperatures. The exact operating conditions may be established by referring to the data for the motor. The mating of motors to machinery is a skilled operation; disassembly or repair must not be attempted. In the event that a motor fails to operate correctly, contact the place of purchase for return instructions.

### Safety Notes

There are some possible hazards associated with the use of motors. The following precautions should be observed. Specific Warnings and Cautions are listed inside the back cover.

**Installation and Maintenance:** Installation and maintenance or replacement must be carried out by suitably qualified service personnel, paying particular attention to possible electrical and mechanical hazards.

**Weight:** Large motors are generally heavy, and the center of gravity may be offset. When handling, take appropriate precautions and use suitable lifting equipment. Beware of sharp edges; use protective gloves when handling such assemblies.

**Flying leads:** Ensure that flying or loose leads are suitably restrained, to prevent snagging or entanglement, before carrying motors with such leads.

Generation: If the motor is driven mechanically, it may generate hazardous voltages at its power input terminals. The power connector must be suitably guarded to prevent a possible shock hazard.

**Loose motors:** When running an unmounted motor, ensure that the rotating shaft is adequately guarded and the motor is physically restrained to prevent it from moving. Remove the key which otherwise could fly out when the motor is running.

**Damaged cables:** Damage to cables or connectors may cause an electrical hazard. Ensure there is no damage before energizing the system.

**Supply:** Servo motors must not be directly connected to a power supply; they require an electronic drive system. Consult the instructions for the drive system before energizing or using the motor.

**Brakes:** The brakes that are included on motors are holding brakes only and are not to be used as a mechanical restraining device for safety purposes.

**Safety requirements:** The safe incorporation of this product into a machine system is the responsibility of the machine designer, who should comply with the local safety requirements at the place where the machine is to be used. In Europe this is likely to be the Machinery Directive.

**Mechanical connection:** Motors must be connected to the machine with a torsionally rigid coupler or a reinforced timing belt. Couplers which are not rigid will cause difficulty in achieving an acceptable response from the control system. Couplings and pulleys must be tight as the high dynamic performance of a servo motor can easily cause couplings to slip, and thereby damage the shaft and cause instability. Care must be taken in aligning couplings and tightening belts so that the motor is not subjected to significant bearing loads, or premature bearing wear will occur. Once connected to a load, tuning will be affected. A system tuned without a load will probably require retuning once a load is applied.

**Connectors:** Motor power connectors are for assembly purposes only. They should not be connected or disconnected while power is applied.

© 1999 Rockwell International Corporation. All rights reserved.

Electro-Craft is a trademark of Rockwell Automation.

Printed in the United States of America.

Information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice.

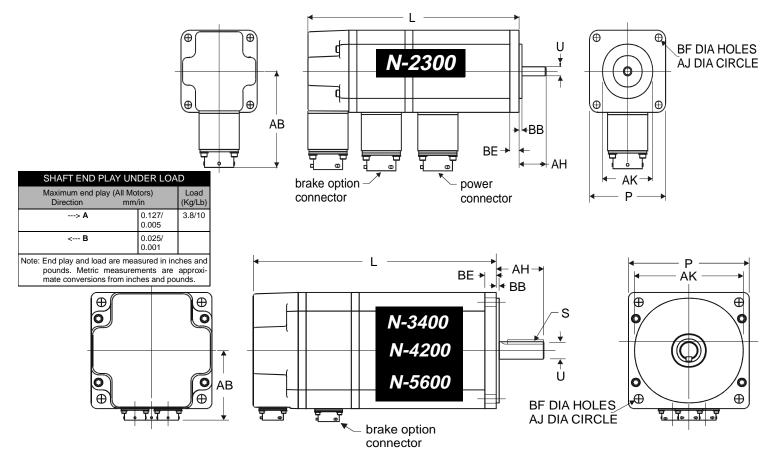
#### **Motor Data**

MOTOR		N-2302-1	N-2304-1	N-3406-2	N-3412-2	N-4214-2	N-4220-2	
			MECHA	NICAL DAT	A (1)			
Rotor Moment of Inertia	kg-m <sup>2</sup>	0.000009	0.00002	0.00008	0.00015	0.00024	0.00035	
	lb-in-s <sup>2</sup>	0.00008	0.00016	0.0007	0.0013	0.0021	0.0031	
Rotor Moment of Inertia	kg-m <sup>2</sup>	0.000018	0.000032	0.000122	0.000202	0.000210	0.000320	
Motors W/Brake	lb-in-s <sup>2</sup>	0.00016	0.00028	0.00108	0.00179	0.00186	0.00283	
Motor Weight: Net	kg/lb	1.0/2.2	1.5/3.3	2.6/5.7	3.5/7.7	4.7/10.4	5.9/13.0	
Est. Shipping	kg/lb	1.3/2.9	1.8/4.0	3.0/6.6	4.0/8.8	5.2/11.5	6.7/14.8	
Brake Motor Weight: Net	kg/lb	1.3/2.9	2.0/4.4	3.4/7.5	4.3/9.5	5.1/11.2	6.9/15.2	
Est. Shipping	kg/lb	1.5/3.3	2.2/4.9	3.9/8.6	4.8/10.6	5.5/12.1	7.7/17.0	
Damping	Nm/krpm	0.023	0.034	0.13	0.19	0.20	0.19	
	oz-in/krpm	0.2	0.3	1.1	1.7	1.8	1.7	
Friction Torque	Nm	0.12	0.23	0.26	0.34	0.45	0.73	
	oz-in	1.0	2.0	2.3	3.0	4.0	6.5	
Max. Operating Speed	rpm	6000	6000	6000	6000	6000	5000	
Shaft Material		416 Stainless Steel						
		WINDING DATA (1)						
Poles		4	4	4	4	4	4	
Sine Wave K <sub>T</sub>	Nm/A	0.09	0.22	0.17	0.33	0.40	0.28	
Torque Constant (2)	in-lb/A	0.8	2.0	1.5	3.0	3.6	2.5	
Square Wave K <sub>T</sub>	Nm/A	0.09	0.24	0.18	0.37	0.45	0.3	
Torque Constant (3)	lb-in/A	0.88	2.2	1.6	3.3	4.0	2.7	
K <sub>E</sub> Voltage Constant (4)	V/krpm	11	27	21	41	49	34	
Winding Resistance	Ohms	3.92	5.89	2.24	2.68	2.79	0.77	
Phase to Phase at 25°C								
Winding Inductance Phase to Phase	mH	4.2	8.8	6.1	8.6	11.0	2.9	
Thermal Resistance	°C/Watt	3.0	2.2	1.6	1.2	1.1	0.83	
Dielectric Rating		Power L	eads (R, S, T) to	o Ground: 180	0 VACrms 50/	60 Hz for 1 mi	inute.	

kgrin   Ib-in-s <sup>2</sup> Rotor Moment of Inertia Motors W/Brake   Ib-in-s <sup>2</sup> Ib-in-s <sup>2</sup> Ib-in-s <sup>2</sup> Motor Weight:   Net   kg/lb   9   Est. Shipping   kg/lb   10   11   Damping   Friction Torque   Nm   oz-in	0.0009 0.008 000651 00576 1/20.1 6/21.2 0.9/24.0 .4/25.1 0.35	0.0012 0.01 0.000778 0.00689 11/24.3 11.7/25.8 13.2/29.1	ANICAL DATA (1) 0.0015 0.013 0.000893 0.00791 13/28.7 13.8/30.4					
kg-in   Ib-in-s <sup>2</sup> Rotor Moment of Inertia   Motors W/Brake   Ib-in-s <sup>2</sup> Motor Weight:   Net   kg/lb   9   Est. Shipping   kg/lb   9   Est. Shipping   kg/lb   10-in-s <sup>2</sup> 0   Motor Weight:   Net   kg/lb   10   Damping   Nm/krpm   oz-in/krpm   Friction Torque   Max. Operating Speed   Shaft Material	0.008 000651 .00576 .1/20.1 .6/21.2 0.9/24.0 .4/25.1	0.01 0.000778 0.00689 11/24.3 11.7/25.8 13.2/29.1	0.013 0.00893 0.00791 13/28.7 13.8/30.4					
Ib-in-s <sup>2</sup> Rotor Moment of Inertia Motors W/Brake     kg-m <sup>2</sup> 0.       Ib-in-s <sup>2</sup> 0     0       Motor Weight:     Net     kg/lb     9       Brake Motor Weight:     Net     kg/lb     10       Damping     02-in/krpm     0     11       Friction Torque     Nm     02-in/krpm     0       Max. Operating Speed     rpm     Shaft Material     10	000651 .00576 .1/20.1 .6/21.2 0.9/24.0 .4/25.1	0.000778 0.00689 11/24.3 11.7/25.8 13.2/29.1	0.000893 0.00791 13/28.7 13.8/30.4					
Motors W/Brake kg/in kg/in   Motor Weight: Net Ib-in-s <sup>2</sup> 0   Motor Weight: Net kg/lb 9   Brake Motor Weight: Net kg/lb 10   Damping Nm/krpm oz-in/krpm   Friction Torque Nm   Max. Operating Speed rpm   Shaft Material	.00576 .1/20.1 .6/21.2 0.9/24.0 .4/25.1	0.00689 11/24.3 11.7/25.8 13.2/29.1	0.00791 13/28.7 13.8/30.4					
Motors W/Brake Ib-in-s <sup>2</sup> 0   Motor Weight: Net kg/lb 9   Est. Shipping kg/lb 10   Brake Motor Weight: Net kg/lb 10   Damping Nm/krpm oz-in/krpm   Friction Torque Nm   Max. Operating Speed rpm   Shaft Material	.1/20.1 .6/21.2 0.9/24.0 .4/25.1	11/24.3 11.7/25.8 13.2/29.1	13/28.7 13.8/30.4					
Est. Shipping kg/lb 9   Brake Motor Weight: Net kg/lb 11   Est. Shipping kg/lb 11   Damping Nm/krpm oz-in/krpm   Friction Torque Nm   Max. Operating Speed rpm   Shaft Material Shaft Material	.6/21.2 ).9/24.0 .4/25.1	11.7/25.8 13.2/29.1	13.8/30.4					
Brake Motor Weight: Net Est. Shipping kg/lb 10 kg/lb   Damping Nm/krpm   oz-in/krpm   Friction Torque   Max. Operating Speed   Shaft Material	.9/24.0 .4/25.1	13.2/29.1						
Est. Shipping kg/lb 11   Damping Nm/krpm oz-in/krpm   Friction Torque Nm   Max. Operating Speed rpm   Shaft Material	.4/25.1							
Damping Nm/krpm   oz-in/krpm oz-in/krpm   Friction Torque Nm   data oz-in   Max. Operating Speed rpm   Shaft Material			15.9/35.1					
oz-in/krpm       Friction Torque     Nm       Oz-in     oz-in       Max. Operating Speed     rpm       Shaft Material	0.35	13.8/30.4	13.9/37.3					
Friction Torque Nm oz-in Max. Operating Speed rpm Shaft Material	0.00	0.32	0.45					
Max. Operating Speed     rpm       Shaft Material	3.1	2.8	4.0					
Max. Operating Speed rpm Shaft Material	1.3	1.6	1.7					
Shaft Material	11	14	15					
	4000	4000	3000					
Poles	416	Stainless Steel						
Poles			DING DATA (1)					
	4	4	4					
Sine Wave K <sub>T</sub> <u>+</u> 10% Nm/A	0.38	0.49	0.63					
Torque Constant (2) Ib-in/A	3.4	4.4	5.6					
Square Wave KT Nm/A	0.41	0.54	0.70					
Torque Constant (3) Ib-in/A	3.7	4.8	6.2					
K <sub>E</sub> Voltage Constant (4) V/krpm	47	60	77					
Winding Resistance Ohms	0.89	1.0	1.23					
Phase to Phase at 25°C ±10%								
Winding Inductance mH	4.3	5.2	7.0					
Phase to Phase								
Thermal Resistance <sup>o</sup> C/Watt	0.81	0.76	0.70					
Dielectric Rating			o Ground: 1800 VACrms 50/60 Hz for 1 minute.					
	1) Specifications are at 25°C unless otherwise noted. (3) Peak value of per phase square wave Amperes							
(2) Peak value of per phase sine wave Amperes								

STORAGE AND OPERATING CONDITIONS							
Ambient Temperature: Operating	0 to 40°C (32 - 104°F)	Relative Humidity:	5% to 95%				
Storage	0 to 50°C (32 - 122°F)		non-condensing				

## **Dimensional Data**



#### **Motor Dimensions**

	MOTOR DIMENSIONS														
Motor	AB	AH	AJ	AK	BB	BE	BF	L	L Brake	S	U	XD		TOLERA	NCES
Model	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in	mm/in		mm	inches
N-2302	70/2.75	21/0.81 (1)	67/2.63	38/1.50 (2)	2/.09	7/0.28	5/0.21	118/4.63	161/6.32	NA	6/.25 (3)	NA	1	-0.03	-0.00012
N-2304								156/6.13	199/7.82				2	-0.01 ±0.5	-0.0004 ±0.0196
N-3406	63/2.48	30/1.19 (1)	98/3.88	73/2.88 (4)	3/.12	8/0.32	6/0.22	144/5.67	193/7.59	3.2 X 3.2 /0.125 X 0.125 (5)	13/.5 (3)	19/0.75 (6)	4	±0.5 ±0.2	±0.0198 ±0.0079
N-3412								169/6.67	218/8.59				5	-0.035	-0.0014
N-4214	62/2.45	35/1.38 (1)	126/4.95	56/2.19 (7)		10/0.39	7/0.28	174/6.85	219/8.63	4.8 X 4.8 /0.1875 X 0.1875 (5)	16/.63 (3)	24/0.94 (6)	6	-0.013 -0.016	-0.0051 -0.006
N-4220								199/7.85	245/9.63				8	-0.046	-0.0181
N-5630	75/2.96	50/1.97 (1)	149/5.88	114/4.50 (8)		12/0.47	0.375 in	199/7.83	256/10.06		19/.75 (3)	38/1.50 (6)			
N-5637							UNC	224/8.83	281/11.06						
N-5647								250/9.83	306/12.06						
NOTE: Mo	otors are m	anufactured to	inch dimens	sions. Millimete	r dimensio	ns are app	roximate co	onversions fi	rom inches.						

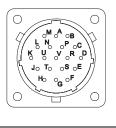
	SUPPLEMENTAL MOTOR DIMENSIONS								
Length, from motor faceplate to center of connectors									
Connector	N-2302	N-2304	N-3406	N-3412	N-4214	N-4220	N-5630	N-5637	N-5647
Brake (mm/in)	105/4.13	143/5.63	118/4.66	144/5.66	145/5.7	170/67	176/6.94	202/7.94	227/8.94
Power (mm/in)	62/2.43	100/3.93	173/6.81	198/7.81	198/7.79	223/8.79	235/9.25	260/10.25	286/11.25
Encoder (mm/in)	145/5.71	183/7.22	173/6.81	198/7.81	198/7.79	223/8.79	235/9.25	260/10.25	286/11.25

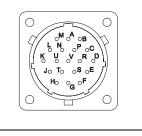
#### **Connector Data**

	NEMA 23-Series	
	Encoder	
Pin	Signal	
A	A+	N-2300
В	A-	N-3400
С	B+	N-4200
D	B-	N-5600
E	I+	Conne
F	I-	
G	GROUND	E
н	Open	N-2300
J	5 VDC	N-3400
K	5 VDC	N-4200
L	COMMON	N-5600
М	COMMON	Conne
N	Open	
Р	Open	
R	THERMOSTAT+	N-2300
S	THERMOSTAT-	N-3400
Т	HALL A	N-4200
U	HALL B	N-5600
V	HALL C	Conne

ITT Cannon Connectors							
Power Connector P/Ns							
N-2300	KPSE02E14-5P-A71						
N-3400							
N-4200							
N-5600							
Connectors require1/4 turn to seal							
Encode	r Connector P/Ns						
N-2300	KPSE02E14-19P-A71						
N-3400							
N-4200							
N-5600							
Connectors require1/4 turn to seal.							
Brake Connector P/Ns							
N-2300	KPSE02E12-3P-A71						
N-3400							
N-4200							
N-5600							
Connectors require1/4 turn to seal.							

	NEMA 34, 42 & 56-Series						
	Encoder						
	Pin	Signal					
1	Α	A+					
	В	A-					
	С	B+					
	D	В-					
	E	l+					
	F	I-					
	G	GROUND					
'1	н	ABS					
	J	5 VDC					
	K	5 VDC					
	L	COMMON					
	М	COMMON					
	N	Open					
	Р	Open					
	R	THERMOSTAT+					
	S	THERMOSTAT-					
	Т	HALL A					
	U	HALL B					
	V	HALL C					





	NEMA 23-Series			NE	EMA 34, 42 & 56-Series	
Power Connector		Brake Option Connector		Power Connector		
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
A	PHASE R	A	BR+	Α	PHASE R	
В	PHASE S	В	BR-	В	PHASE S	
С	PHASE T	С	OPEN	С	PHASE T	
D	GROUND			D	GROUND	
E	Open			E	Open	

#### **Encoder Data**

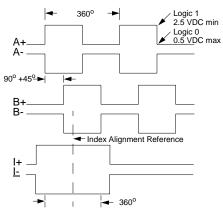
Encoders are factory aligned and must not be adjusted outside the factory.

ENCODER SPECIFICATIONS						
	N-2300	N-3400, N-4200 and N-5600				
Line Count	1000 (1) (2)	2000 (1)				
Supply Voltage	5 VDC	5 VDC				
Supply Current	175 mA max.	300 mA max.				
Line Driver	LM339	26LS31				
Line Driver Output	TTL	A, B, I signals: Logic 1 =2.5 VDC min @ 20 mA DC source, Logic 0 = 0.5 VDC max @ 20 mA DC sink. HALL signals: Logic 1 = 3.5 VDC min @ 1mA DC source, Logic 0 = 0.5 VDC max @ 5mA DC sink.				
Index Pulse	Refer to diagrams below (No key for physical reference)	When facing the motor, the key is oriented 90°±10 clockwise (mechanical) from connectors				

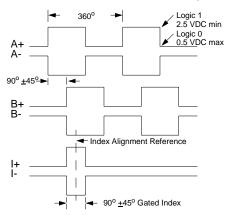
(2) N-2300 encoder does not have Absolute Signal (ABS)

#### **Encoder Outputs**

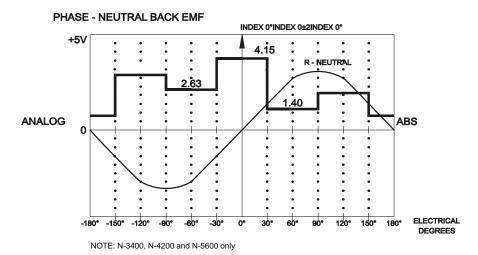
#### N-2300 Encoder Output



#### N-3400, 4200 and 5600 Encoder Output



# Encoder Phase-to-Neutral and Phase-to-Phase Waveforms



INDEX 0°INDEX 0±2INDEX 0° <u>\_</u> S-Т T-R R-S • . . LOGIC I . • . . . . LOGIC 0 Α . . • • • . LOGIC I . LOGIC 0 . . . • LOGIC I . . . . . . LOGIC 0 ٠ 0° 30° 60° ELECTRICAL -180° -150° -120° -90° -60° -30° 90° 120° 150° 180° DEGREES

#### PHASE - PHASE BACK EMF

NOTE: Hall and ABS signals are in electrical degrees. For 4 pole commutation, 360° mechanical = 720° electrical.

#### **Options: Connectors and Shaft Seals**

An environmentally sealed package may be formed when an N-Series motor is coupled with sealed cable assemblies and shaft seals.

Factory manufactured power cables and encoder cables are available in standard cable lengths of 10, 25, 50, 75 and 100 feet (3, 7.6, 15, 23 and 30 meters). Factory cables provide environmental sealing and shield termination.

## Shaft Seal Kits

	MOTOR SEAL KITS						
MOTOR		SIZE					
SERIES	PART NUMBER	(Outside Dia x Inside Dia x Width) mm/in					
N-2300	0041-5068	0.035 x 0.001 x 0.005 / 0.875 x 0.250 x 0.125					
N-3400	0041-5069	0.044 x 0.019 x 0.010 / 1.125 x 0.500 x 0.250					
N-4200	0041-5070	0.044 x 0.025 x 0.010 / 1.125 x 0.625 x 0.250					
N-5600	0041-5071	0.054 x 0.030 x 0.010 / 1.375 x 0.750 x 0.250					
NOTE: Shaft sea	NOTE: Shaft seals are manufactured to inch dimensions. Millimeter dimensions are conversions from inches.						

Shaft seals require a lubricant to reduce wear. Lubricant is provided with kit.

#### **Connectors and Connector Kits**

MOTOR POWER CONNECTORS							
	PART	CONNECTOR					
	NUMBER	TYPE					
	9101-1557	POWER - SOLDER					
	9101-1558	ENCODER - SOLDER					
	9101-1698	BRAKE - SOLDER					
	These connectors provide env	ironmental sealing and shield termination.					

OTHER MATING CONNECTORS								
	STRAIGHT	CONNECTOR TYPE	RIGHT ANGLE					
	MS3126F14-19S	ENCODER - CRIMP	KPSE08F14-19S	PT08SE14-19S				
	MS3116F14-19S	ENCODER - SOLDER	KPT08F14-19S	PT08E14-19S				
	MS3126F14-5S	POWER - CRIMP	KPSE08F14-5S	PT08SE14-5S				
	MS3116F14-5S	POWER - SOLDER	KPT08F14-5S	PT08E14-5S				
	MS3126F12-3S	BRAKE - CRIMP	KPSE08F12-3S	PT08SE12-3S				
	MS3116F12-3S	BRAKE - SOLDER	KPTO8F12-3S	PT08E12-3S				
NOTES	MS3116F12-35	BRAKE - SOLDER	KP108F12-35	P108E12-35				

NOTES:

These connectors provide environmental sealing, but do not provide cable shield termination.

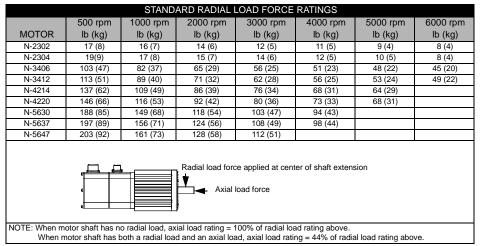
- Angle Connectors are ITT Cannon (KP) and Amphenol (PT).

· Power contacts are size 16 AWG. Crimp type connectors accept wire sizes 20 AWG to 16 AWG.

- Brake and Encoder contacts are size 20 AWG. Crimp type connectors accept wire sizes 24 AWG to 20 AWG.

## Motor Radial Load Force Ratings

Motors are capable of carrying an axial load in most applications. The following table provides guidelines for 20,000 hour bearing life with a specified radial load applied to the center of the shaft. Please consult with Reliance Motion Control regarding loads, operating speeds and bearing life in your particular application to ensure the proper selection of motors.



#### **Brake Motor Application Guidelines**

The brakes offered as options on these servo motors are holding brakes. They are designed to hold the motor shaft at 0 rpm for up to the rated brake holding torque. The brakes are spring-set type, and release when voltage is applied to the brake coil.

The brakes are *not* designed for stopping rotation of the motor shaft. Servo drive inputs should be used to stop motor shaft rotation. The recommended method of stopping motor shaft rotation is to command the servo drive to decelerate the motor to 0 rpm, and engage the brake after the servo drive has decelerated the motor to 0 rpm.

If system main power fails, the brakes can withstand use as stopping brakes. However, use of the brakes as stopping brakes creates rotational mechanical backlash that is potentially damaging to the system, increases brake pad wear and reduces brake life. The brakes are *not* designed nor are they intended to be used as a safety device.

A separate power source is required to disengage the brake. This power source may be controlled by the servo motor controls, in addition to manual operator controls.

#### **Brake Specifications**

BRAKE DATA								
MOTOR	MAX. BACKLASH	HOLDING TORQUE		COIL CURRENT				
SERIES	(BRAKE ENGAGED)	(lb/in)	(Nm)	at 24 VDC				
N-2300	1 degree	5	0.56	0.28 ADC				
N-3400		15	1.69	0.36 ADC				
N-4200		30	3.39	0.36 ADC				
N-5600		50	5.64	0.71 ADC				

#### **Motor Installation**

Observe the following installation guidelines and those in the Product Notice:



**WARNING:** Motors and linkages must be securely mounted for a system to be operational. Disassembled equipment should be appropriately identified (tagged-out) and access to electrical power restricted (locked-out).

Failure to observe these safety procedures could result in personal injury and damage to equipment.

- 1. Do not run motors that are not properly mounted. Attach all power and data cables after the motor is mounted.
- 2. Mount motors with connectors pointing downward and use a drip loop in the cable to keep liquids flowing away from the connectors.
- 3. Consider motor case temperature if necessary to safeguard operator and maintenance staff. Maximum case temperature is approximately 100°C (212°F) for a motor used at continuous rating in a 40°C ambient temperature.
- 4. The installer must comply with all local regulations and should use equipment and installation practices that promote electromagnetic compatibility and safety.

#### **Preventing Electrical Noise**

ElectroMagnetic Interference (EMI), commonly called "noise", may adversely impact motor performance by inducing stray signals. Effective techniques to counter EMI include filtering the AC power, shielding and separating signal carrying lines, and practicing good grounding techniques. Effective AC power filtering can be achieved through the use of isolated AC power transformers or properly installed AC line filters. Physically separate signal lines from motor cabling and power wiring; do *not* parallel signal wires with motor or power wires or route signal wires over the vent openings of servo drives. Ground all equipment using a single-point parallel ground system that employs ground bus bars or straps. If necessary, use electrical noise remediation techniques to mitigate EMI in "noisy" environments.

Knowledgable cable routing and careful cable construction improves system electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). General cable build and installation guidelines include:

- 1. Keep wire lengths as short as physically possible.
- 2. Route signal cables (encoder, serial, analog) away from motor and power wiring.
- 3. Separate cables by 1 foot minimum for every 30 feet of parallel run.
- 4. Ground both ends of the encoder cable and twist the signal wire pairs.
- 5. Use shielded motor cables when necessary to prevent electromagnetic interference (EMI) with other equipment.

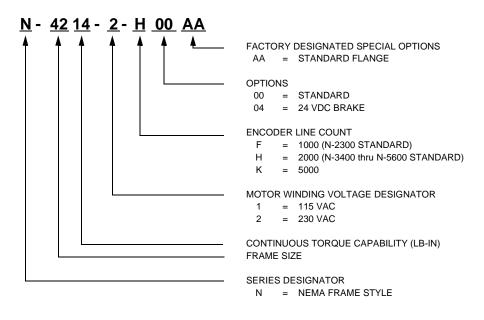
#### **Couplings and Pulleys**

Mechanical connections to the motor shaft, such as couplings and pulleys, require a rigid coupling or a reinforced timing belt. The high dynamic performance of servo motors can cause couplings, pulleys or belts to loosen or slip over time. A loose or slipping connection will cause system instability and may damage the motor shaft and keyway. All connections between the system and the servo motor shaft must be rigid to achieve acceptable response from the system. Connections should be periodically inspected to verify the rigidity.

When mounting couplings or pulleys to the motor shaft, ensure that the connections are properly aligned and that axial and radial loads are within the specifications of the motor. The section "Load Force Ratings" provides guidelines to achieve 20,000 hours of bearing life. Additional information about load force ratings, including graphical depiction of varied load ratings and bearing life, is available for any motor from the Technical Support groups listed on the back cover.

# **Product Information**

**Motor Part Number Identification** 



NOTE: OPTIONS NOT AVAILABLE ON ALL SIZES

## **Disposal or Warranty Return of Motors**

Motors may contain environmentally regulated materials, such as lead solder and circuit boards. When disposing of a motor, please recycle motors per regulations at your location. You may choose to return a motor for disposal by contacting your supplier.

Please contact the source that supplied the motor for warranty, non-warranty, or disposal work. All returned products require a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number for efficient processing and tracking.

For more information refer to our web site: www.ab.com/motion

#### www.rockwellautomation.com

Power, Control and Information Solutions Headquarters

Americas: Rockwell Automation, 1201 South Second Street, Milwaukee, WI 53204-2496 USA, Tel: (1) 414.382.2000, Fax: (1) 414.382.4444 Europe/Middle East/Africa: Rockwell Automation, Vorstlaan/Boulevard du Souverain 36, 1170 Brussels, Belgium, Tel: (32) 2 663 0600, Fax: (32) 2 663 0640 Asia Pacific: Rockwell Automation, Level 14, Core F, Cyberport 3, 100 Cyberport Road, Hong Kong, Tel: (852) 2887 4788, Fax: (852) 2508 1846

Publication Number 1398-5.9 - May 1999